21.—Distribution of Power to Systems of The Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario, Years Ended Oct. 31, 1948-49 and Dec. 31, 1950-53

Note.—Peak load generated and purchased, primary and secondary, in terms of generation.

System	1948	1949	19501	1951	1952	1953
	kw.	kw.	kw.	kw.	kw.	kw.
Southern Ontario System	1,542,975	1,743,973	2,210,929	2,425,909	2,798,476	2,909,190
Northern Ontario Properties— Northeastern Division Northwestern Division	194,932 149,410	213,718 192,540	255,406 248,230	273,148 246,933	283,958 247,852	309,100 262,356
Totals	1,887,317	2,150,231	2,714,565	2,945,990	3,330,286	3,480,646

¹ Owing to the change in the Commission's fiscal year to coincide with calendar year, figures shown here for 1950 cover the 14 months ended Dec. 31, 1950.

22.—Growth of The Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario, Years Ended Oct. 31, 1944-49 and Dec. 31, 1950-53

Year	Munici- palities Served	Ultimate Customers Served Directly or Indirectly	Total Power Distributed ¹	Assets of Commission and Municipal Utilities	
	No.	No.	kw.	\$	
1944	904	818,085	1,802,454	486,671,191	
	922	869,712	1,939,505	524,839,263	
	924	910,563	1,935,972	549,680,339	
	944	952,853	2,003,139	610,133,232	
	970	1,004,127	1,887,317	708,708,622	
1949.	1,017	1,078,221	2,150,231	898,466,484	
1950 ³ .	1,132	1,187,117	2,714,565	1,080,200,039	
1951 .	1,175	1,249,366	2,945,990	1,261,739,406	
1952 .	1,244	1,317,249	3,330,286	1,442,511,467	
1953 .	1,279	1,389,750	3,480,646	1,687,847,082	

¹ Sum of the maximum 20-minute coincident peak loads (primary plus secondary) of each of the systems operated by the Commission, given in terms of net output of the sources of supply to each system for the last month of each fiscal year. ² Owing to the change in the Commission's fiscal year to coincide with the calendar year, figures shown here for 1950 cover the 14 months ended Dec. 31, 1950.

Manitoba.—The Manitoba Power Commission was established in 1919 for the purpose of distributing electric energy, both wholesale and retail, throughout the Province, with the exception of the Greater Winnipeg area. The utility currently operates under authority of an Act respecting the Manitoba Power Commission (R.S.M. 1940, c. 166), as amended.

The Commission's supply of electric energy for distribution is purchased from the Winnipeg Electric Company at various points, chiefly at or near the city of Winnipeg. Arrangements for the Commission's purchase of power are contained in the Seven Sisters Agreement of 1928 between the Province of Manitoba and the Winnipeg Electric Company. The Commission has gradually acquired practically all of the municipally owned and privately owned generating plants operating within its jurisdiction and has spread a network of transmission lines across the Province. All energy distributed is now generated by hydro power.

The Commission's program, started in the 1930's and designed to bring hydroelectric power at uniform service rates to all rural centres of 20 or over population, is now virtually complete and currently serves 481 centres. In 1942, the Manitoba